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❷発明の名称 使い捨て失禁処理物品

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1.强则の名称

使い捨て失禁処理物品

2.存許請求の範囲

- (1) メンツ部材とその設下区域の内面にバッド部材を選み付けた使い捨て失業処理物品であつて、 次の学項を含むことを特徴とするもの。
- a. 前記パンツ部材は、厚さ0.6~6mmの軟質発泡シートの少なくとも片面に不職船を重ね合せて これらを部分的に設合した複合シートからなること。
- b. 順記パッドは、少なくども政務性コアとその 表面を被援する透核性シートとからなるとと。
- (3) 前記パンツ型材性、クェスト回りの両例を分離不能に接合してある特許請求の範囲等1項記載の使い捨て失業処理物品。
- (8) 的紀パンツ部対は、ウェスト回りの両側形を分離し、その両偏語にはとれを着用時に連絡するための部材を設けてある特許解求の範囲部1項記載の使い始て失祭処理物品。

- (4) 前記歌質発作シートは、その気をとは別に直抵1~10mmの孔を開口面標比率3~50で設けてある特許請求の範囲即1項記載の使い捨て失禁処理物品。
- (6) 前記複合シートは、前記数質発泡シートをその節方向へ拡張した状態で前記不識布を摂合して ある特許前次の範囲は1項記載の使い捨て失熱処 頭効品-
- (6) 取記軟質発泡シートに対する助記不成态の接合は、超音波形質によりなしてある特許開来の範囲あ1項記載の使い捨て失業処理物品。
- (7) 前記ウェスト回りの関係の接合は、超音被容 潜によりなしてある特許請求の範囲第2項記載の 使い捨て失禁処理物品。
- (a) 前配妆合シートは、撥水処理してある特許請求の範囲記り項配数の使い捨て尖架処理物品。
- (e) 前記パンツ部材の股下区域両線または/シェ ボウェスト回りに伸縮弾性帯域を設けてある特許 湖水の範囲第1項記載の便い格で失業処態物品。

3.発明の詳細な説明

-251**-**

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特爾昭60-194947(2)

本沿男は、失瀬者の使用に供する使い拍て失黎 処理物品に関する。

従来、一般に、失業には公知のかむつ、特に使い地でかむつが多用されているが、かかるかむつは身体に対する適合智力性、増用者の運動に対応して伸縮する適随性、過気性、増用感が悪く、しかも満張つてないも悪いといつたことがあり、そのため時に歩行可能で外出するような失業者には不向きであるという欠点がある。

本希明の目的は、主として、前述のような欠点を解析することのできる新規な使い捨て失義処理 物品を提供することにある。

本知明の物品1は、第1回、第2回、第5回に 深すようにパンツ部材2とその股下区域の内面に 組み付けたパッド番材3とからなる。パンツ部材 2は、第1回に示すように予め完全なパンツ型に 形成したもの。すなわち、ウエスト回り両値を予 め分離不配に、好ましくは超音波符響により接合 したものと、類2回に示すようにウエスト回り機 2000での関係を分離し、一方のウエスト回り。第0両 個に公知の連絡部材も、たとえば、動材から光緒に保止機能を有する機能状象起が多数換出したデーブ状プァスナー、指揮テーブ、ボタン、 証等を設け、とれを凝用時に他方のウェスト回りの時間に固定してパンツ型に選み立てるものとなまり。

他とは別に多数の孔を取けることが好ましく。その大きさは発泡シートをを拡張する場合その単にもよるが、1~10mm、さらには2~5mmが好ましく。その出口面後比略は3~50%、さらには10~20%が好ましい。

ペンン部材2の股下区域両額はたは/シェびりエスト回りには、毎1回、第2回に示すように必要に応じて仲配弾性帯域り、10を設けることがあり、その場合には、たとえば、発泡シート5と不磁布6の当額部位の過に伸張したコム・ポリウンタンなどのリボンまではテーブを一体的に介在るせるなどの手段が採られる。

一方、バッド報材3は、銀5回に示すようにブラスチックフィルムなどの不透性シート11上に粉砕パルブなどの吸吸性コア12を収送し、これを不能布などの透波性シート13で破疫してなる。バッド報材3のバンン部材2に対する遊台は、透着別、超量政治場。岡岡特君ケーブなどの手段で取扱や使用中に容易に移動不能になるれる。

本苑明によれば、バンツ部材2の遊材である複

合シートクが軟質消化シートなど不能ならどの概 分的摂合からなり、伊福集軟性、通気性、肌固り など公知のかむつに比較して苦しく後れるから、 所刈の目的を進載することができるとともに、者 用時の運動などによつても放抗するととがなく、 **省製パンツと及役同労の機能を有する。さらにパ** ッド部材3位。パンツ部材2の此下区域内面に同 足的に組み付けられるとともに、パンツ部材との 身体に対する適合密層機能により、湯用者の設下 区域に常に固定的に自殺されることになるから、 ペッド部材3に排准された存放が確れるととがな い。またバンン部材2のパッド部材るに対する超 今付け手段が前面指揮テープなどの樹屋可能なり のであり。 しかもパンツ 面材 2 がその岩川にょり 体液で汚損しないような場合には、酸パンツ部が に瀕しいパット配材8を組み付けて将便用すると ともできる。

かように本発明の物品によれば、 概多の利点があり、失致者、物に外出可疑な失業 者が増用するものとして実用に供しきわめて有益である。

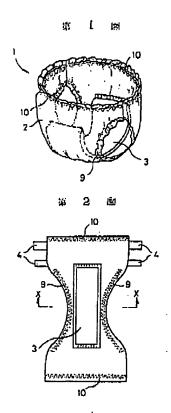
特別昭60-194947 (3)

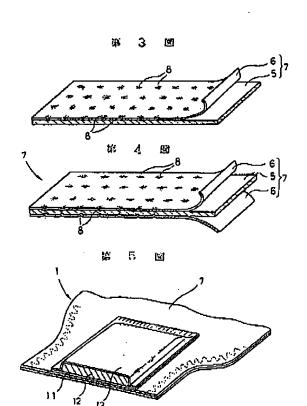
4.國副の簡単な説明

第1卤は予めパンツ型に形成した本発明物品の 斜視図、無2図は海用時にパンク型に低み立てる 本発明物品の展前平面図、用る図は沿位シートの 片原に不疵布を揺合して形成した複合シートの.部 分射視図、無4塁は発泡シートの両面に不取布を 接合して形成した複合シートの部分新視図、855 図は沢2四米ーズ緑町町刻である。

2..・バンッ部な 7...役合シート

代取人弁理士





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EVIDENCE B-4

Patent Laid-Open Publication No. 60 - 194947

Laid-Open Publication Date: October 03, 1985

Patent Application No. 59-052873

Filing Date: March 19, 1984

Assignee: Unicharm Corporation

SPECIFICATION

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

DISPOSABLE INCONTINENT TREATMENT ARTICLE

[CLAIMS]

- 1. A disposable incontinent treatment article comprising a pant member and a pad member attached on the inner surface of a crotch zone of said pant member, wherein:
- a. said pant member includes a composite sheet formed by superimposing a nonwoven fabric on at least one of the opposite surfaces of a soft foamed sheet having a thickness of 0.6 to 6 mm, and partly joining them together; and
- b. said pad includes at least a liquid-absorbent core and a liquid-pervious sheet covering the surface of said liquid-absorbent core.
- 2. The disposable incontinent treatment article as defined in claim 1, wherein said pant member has opposite sides located around a waist zone thereof, each of said sides being joined inseparably.
- 3. The disposable incontinent treatment article as defined in claim 1, wherein said pant member has opposite sides located around a waist zone thereof, each of said sides being designed to separate said waist zone and provided with a member for joining the separated waist

zone together when worn.

- 4. The disposable incontinent treatment article as defined in claim 1, wherein said soft foamed sheet is formed with an opening having a diameter of 1 to 10 mm at an opening area ratio of 3 to 60 %, in addition to gas cavities in said soft foamed sheet
- 5. The disposable incontinent treatment article of claim 1, wherein said nonwoven fabric of said composite sheet is joined to said soft foamed sheet while extending said soft foamed sheet in a direction of the surface thereof.
- 6. The disposable incontinent treatment article of claim 1, wherein the joining of said nonwoven fabric to said soft foamed sheet is performed through an ultrasonic fusion process.
- 7. The disposable incontinent treatment article of claim 2, wherein the joining of said opposite sides around said waist zone is performed through an ultrasonic fusion process.
- 8. The disposable incontinent treatment article of claim 1, wherein said composite sheet is subjected to a water-repellent treatment.
- 9. The disposable incontinent treatment article of claim 1, which includes a stretchable elastic marginal region on each of the opposite sides of the crotch zone and/or around the waist zone of said pant member.

[DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION]

The present invention relates to a disposable incontinent treatment article for incontinent persons.

Generally, a conventional diaper, particularly disposable diaper, has been often used in incontinent protection. However, such a diaper is poor in conformable fit to the body, compliance based on stretchability in response to motions of a wearer, breathability, and

snugness/comfort. Moreover, the diaper is bulky to cause poor appearance, and thereby unsuitable, particularly, for an incontinent person who can walk and go out.

It is a primary object of the present invention to provide a novel disposable incontinent treatment article capable of solving the aforementioned problems.

As shown in FIGS. 1, 2 and 5, an article 1 of the present invention comprises a pant member 2 and a pad member 3 attached onto the inner surface of a crotch zone of the pant member. The pant member 2 includes one type as shown in FIG. 1 which is formed in a complete pant configuration in advance, or has opposite sides each located around a waist zone thereof and joined inseparably, preferably, through an ultrasonic fusion process, and another type as shown in FIG. 2 which has opposite sides each located around a waist zone thereof and designed to separate the waist zone into two, and includes a conventional connection member 4, such as a tape-shaped fastener having a base and a number of fiber-like protrusions each formed with a top end having an engagement function, an adhesive tape, a button or cord, which is provided on each of the sides of one of the separated waist zones and adapted to be fastened to a corresponding one of the sides of the other separated waist zone so as to form a pant configuration.

As shown in FIGS. 3 and 4, the pant member 2 includes a composite sheet 7 formed by superimposing a nonwoven fabric 6, preferably a non-binder nonwoven fabric, made of hydrophilic and/or hydrophobic fibers, on either one or both of the outer and immer surfaces of a soft foamed sheet 5 made, for example, of polyurethane, and partly joining them together, preferably through an ultrasonic fusion process. The reference numeral 8 indicated the joined portion. Preferably, in order to provide enhanced stretchability of the composite sheet 7, the composite sheet 7 is integrally formed by superimposing the nonwoven fabric 6 on the foamed sheet 5 while extending the foamed sheet 5 in one or two directions. Further, according to need, the composite sheet 7 is subjected to a treatment using a conventional water-repellent agent, such as silicon-based water-repellent, to provide an enhanced performance of preventing the leakage of bodily fluid. This treatment may be applied to at least the nonwoven fabric 6, and may be omitted if the nonwoven fabric 6 is formed of hydrophobic fibers. In order to provide enhanced breathability, the foamed sheet 5 is preferably formed with a number of openings in addition to

gas cavities therein. While a desired size of each of the openings is varied depending on the extension ratio of the foamed sheet 5 if it is extended, the size is preferably in the range of 1 to 10 mm, more preferably 2 to 5 mm, and the opening area ratio is preferably in the range of 3 to 60%, more preferably 10 to 20%.

As shown in FIGS. 1 and 2, according to need, a pair of stretchable elastic marginal regions 9, 10 may be formed on the opposite sides of the crotch zone and/or around the waist zone of the pant member 2. In this case, the stretchable elastic marginal regions is formed, for example, by integrally interposing a stretched ribbon or tape made of polyurethane or the like between the respective contact surfaces of the foamed sheet 5 and the nonwoven fabric 6.

As shown in FIG. 5, the pad member 3 is formed by laminating a liquid-absorbent core 12 made of crushed pulp or the like on a liquid-impervious sheet 11 such as a plastic film, and covering the absorbent core 12 with a liquid-pervious sheet 13 such as a nonwoven fabric. The joining of the pad member 3 to the pant member 2 is performed by means of adhesive, ultrasonic fusion, pressure-sensitive adhesive double-coated tape or the like to preclude the pad member from easily moving during use.

According to the present invention, the composite sheet 7 serving as a base material of the pant member 2 is formed of the soft foam sheet 5 and the nonwoven fabric 6 which are partly joined together. Thus, the pant has significantly excellent stretchability/flexibility, breathability and skin feeling as compared with conventional diapers to achieve an intended purpose, and approximately the same function as that of a cloth pant without any damage during physical exercise or the like of a wearer. In addition, the pad member 3 is fixedly attached on the inner surface of the crotch zone of the pant member 2, and statically kept in contact with the crotch zone of a wearer in accordance with a function of the pant member 2 capable of being conformably brought into close contact with the body. This prevents the leakage of a bodily fluid discharged to the pad member 3. In addition, the attaching means of the pant member 2 to the pad member 3 is a releasable means, such as pressure-sensitive adhesive double-coated tape. Thus, if the pant member 2 is not stained by bodily fluid when worn, it may be reused by attaching a new pad member 3.

As mentioned above, the article of the present invention has various advantages, and can be

practically used as a garment for an incontinent person, particularly an incontinent person who can go out, with significant benefits.

[BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS]

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of an article of the present invention which is formed in a pant configuration in advance.

FIG 2 is a developed top plan view of the article of the present invention to be assembled in a pant configuration when worn.

FIG. 3 is a fragmentary perspective view of a composite sheet formed by joining a nonwoven fabric onto one of the opposite surfaces of a foamed sheet.

FIG. 4 is a fragmentary perspective view of a composite sheet formed by joining a nonwoven fabric onto each of the opposite surfaces of the foamed sheet.

FIG. 5 is a sectional view taken along the line X-X in FIG. 2.

1: article

2: pant member

3: pad member

4: connection member

5: foamed sheet

6: nonwoven fabric

7: composite sheet

8: joined portion

9, 10: stretchable elastic marginal region 11: liquid-impervious sheet

12: liquid-absorbent core

13: liquid-pervious sheet

TRANSLATION FROM JAPANESE

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- (54) Title of the Invention: Disposable incontinence article
 - (21) Application No. 59-52873
 - (22) Filing Date: Mar. 19, 1984
- 15 (72) Inventor: SUZUKI Migaku
 - (72) Inventor: NOZAKI Satoru
 - (71) Applicant: UNI CHARM CO. LTD.
 - (74) Agent: SHIRAHAMA Yoshiharu, Patent Attorney

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SPECIFICATION

1. Title of the Invention

Disposable incontinence article

2 Claims

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- (1) Disposable incontinence article comprising a pant member, and a pad member attached to the inside face thereof in the crotch portion.
- (2) Disposable incontinence article according to claim 1 wherein:

 a. said pant member comprises a composite sheet of soft, expanded sheeting 0.6 -6 mm in thickness having nonwoven fabric juxtaposed and partially bonded to at least one face thereof; and
- b. said pad comprises at a minimum an absorbent core and liquid pervious sheeting covering the surface thereof.
- (3) Disposable incontinence article according to claim 1 wherein said pad member separates the two side portions of the waistband, and the side portions comprise members for fastening these during wear.
 - (4) Disposable incontinence article according to claim 1 wherein said soft, expanded sheeting has in addition to the cells thereof 1 -10 mm holes representing an open area of from 3 to 60%.
- 20 (5) Disposable incontinence article according to claim 1 wherein said composite sheet has said soft, expanded sheeting bonded in a planar-dilated state to said nonwoven fabric.
- (6) Disposable incontinence article according to claim 1 wherein bonding of said nonwoven fabric to said soft, expanded sheeting is accomplished by ultrasonic welding.
 - (7) Disposable incontinence article according to claim I wherein bonding of said two sides of the waistband is accomplished by ultrasonic welding.
 - (8) Disposable incontinence article according to claim 2 wherein said composite sheet is water repellency treated.
 - (9) Disposable incontinence article according to claim I wherein said pant member has stretch elastic band zone on both sides of the crotch portion thereof and/or the waistband
- 30 thereof.

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3. Detailed Description of the Invention

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The present invention relates to a disposable incontinence article for use by incontinent individuals.

To date, known art dispers, and particularly disposable dispers, are widely used for incontinence, but such dispers have a number of drawbacks making them unsuited to incontinent individuals (particularly ambulatory ones), such as poor fit to the body, inability to stretch so as to conform to bodily movement of the wearer, poor breathability and comfort, bulkiness, and poor [illegible].

It is therefore a principal object of the present invention to provide a novel disposable incontinence article that overcomes the aforementioned drawbacks.

As shown in Figs. 1, 2 and 5, article 1 of the invention comprises a pant member 2 and a pad member 3 attached to the inside face thereof in the crotch portion. Pant member 2 may be provided [as an article] joined together in advance, preferably by ultrasonic welding, so as to produce a finished pant configuration, i.e. with the two sides of the waistband inseparable, as shown in Fig. 1; or with the two sides of the waistband inseparable, as shown in Fig. 1; or with the two sides of the waistband being provided with fastening members 4, for example, tape fasteners having a multitude of fiber-like projections with fastening function projecting from a base material, or pressure sensitive adhesive tapes, buttons, cords or similar arrangements, these being anchored to the other side of the waistband when putting the article on, to assemble it into a pant configuration.

As shown in Figs. 3 and 4, pant member 2 comprises a soft, expanded sheet 5 of polyurethane or the like, on whose inner face, outer face, or both is juxtaposed preferably "no-binder" nonwoven fabric 6 composed of hydrophilic and/or hydrophobic fibers, the two materials being spot bonded together, preferably by ultrasonic welding, the bonded portions being indicated by symbols 8. To enhance the stretch properties of composite sheet 7 it is preferable for expanded sheet 5 to be dilated in one or both directions when juxtaposed to and unified with nonwoven fabric 6; leak resistance against bodily fluids may

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be enhanced through optional treatment with a known art water repellent, such as a silicone based product. At a minimum it will be sufficient to treat the nonwoven fabric 6; where nonwoven fabric 6 is already composed of hydrophobic fibers, [treatment] will not be necessary. In preferred practice, expanded sheet 5 is provided with a multitude of holes, separate from the cells [in the material], the size of which will differ with the extent [of dilatation] where the expanded sheet 5 is dilated, but is generally from 1 to 10 mm, preferably 2 to 5 mm, with the open area thereof being from 3 to 60%, preferably 10 to 20%.

Optionally, stretch elastic band zones 9, 10 may be provided on both sides of the crotch portion and/or the waistband of pant member 2 as shown in Figs. 1 and 2, which may be accomplished, for example, by integrally interposing ribbon or tape of rubber, polyurethane etc. between the expanded sheet 5 and the corresponding portions of the nonwoven fabric 6.

Pad member 3, on the other hand, is composed of an absorbent core 12 of milled pulp or similar material stacked on a liquid impervious sheet 11 of plastic film or other such material, and covered with a liquid pervious sheet 13 of nonwoven fabric or the like, as shown in Fig. 5. Bonding of pad member 3 to pant member 2 may be accomplished by means such as adhesives, ultrasonic welding, double-sided pressure sensitive tape or the like, to readily render it immobile during handling and use.

According to the present invention, the composite sheet 7 which is the base material of the pant member 2 is produced by partial bonding of soft, expanded sheet 5 and nonwoven fabric 6, and is therefore markedly superior to known diapers in terms of stretch pliability, breathability and feel to the skin. These objectives are achieved without the risk of rupture due to movement during wear, providing functionality similar to that of cloth pants. Additionally, the pad member 3, by virtue of secure attachment to the inside face of the pant member 2 in the crotch portion, as well as the close fit of the pant member 2 to the body, is maintained in fixed contact with the crotch area of the wearer, so that excreted liquid does not leak from the pad member 3. The means for attaching the pant member 2 to the pad member 3 is double-sided pressure sensitive tape or other such

releasable means, and as long as the pant member 2 has not been soiled by liquid in the course of wear, a new pad 3 may be attached to the pant member, allowing it to be reused.

The article of the invention set forth herein affords a number of advantages.

making it advantageous for wear by incontinent individuals, particularly ambulatory incominent individuals.

4. Brief Description of the Drawings

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of an article of the invention preformed into a pant configuration; Fig. 2 is a development plan view of an article of the invention for assembly into a pant configuration; Fig. 3 is a fragmentary perspective view of a composite sheet comprising nonwoven fabric bonded to one side of an expanded sheet; Fig. 4 is a fragmentary perspective view of a composite sheet comprising nonwoven fabric bonded to both sides of an expanded sheet; and Fig. 5 is a sectional view taken along line X-X in Fig. 2.

10 1 ... article 2: pant member

3 ... pad member 4: fastening members

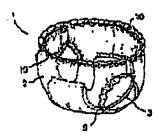
5: expanded sheet 6: nonwoven fabric 7: composite sheet 8: bonded portions

9, 10: stretch elastic band zones 11: liquid impervious sheet

12: absorbent core 14: liquid pervious sheet

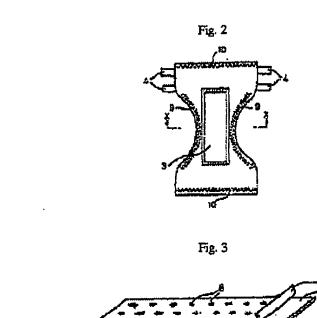
Agent: SHIRAHAMA Yoshiharu, Patent Attorney

Fig. 1



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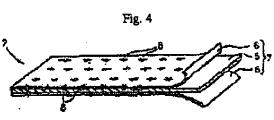
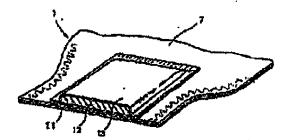


Fig. 5



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